What's the big deal if...



...I don't know what a phishing e-mail looks like?

Why it is a big deal

 You're putting our department's electronic network at risk if you get tricked into clicking on an infected link or attachment. You could accidentally download spyware or malware

Scenario

You receive an e-mail with the subject line "Urgent Matter" and there's a link to a PDF file. It might be about that new contract you're working on, but you're aware it could be fake. What clues do you look for to determine if it's a phishing e-mail?

Possible actions (vote on the correct answer)

- Option 1: Time stamp, signature block, spelling and grammatical errors, generic greeting
- Option 2: Subtle changes to e-mail domain names
- Option 3: Hover your mouse over the link to see the true path of URL

Explanation

- Options 1, 2 and 3 are right! These are just some of the clues that an e-mail is fake
- You need to examine all of these components together. If something is off, then report the e-mail using the Outlook button "Report this E-Mail-Phishing".

Key take-aways

- Phishing e-mails are one of the most common methods that cybercriminals use to steal information, so you need to know how to recognize them
- Open e-mails from unknown sources with extreme caution. Perform HALT to help you determine if it is a legitimate e-mail
- If the e-mail seems fishy to you, it probably is! Do not reply, do not click on any links, and do not open attachments. Report it using the Outlook button "Report this E-Mail-Phishing", and then delete the e-mail
- If you think that the e-mail might be real, but you're unsure and don't want to delete it prematurely, verify the sender's e-mail address or telephone number through another method (e.g. GEDS, Outlook Directory). Then call or send them a new e-mail and ask if the message was legitimate

More information

- Put a HALT to Phishing
- Spam and Phishing