



Mental health continuum

Self-Awareness Tool

Mental health is more than the absence of mental illness and the old notion of there being only two possibilities, "healthy" or "ill", has evolved. Today we recognize that there are different stages between the two extremes and where we are on the continuum can change with time (days, weeks, months) or because of life's circumstances.

The Continuum can help you identify the signs of good and poor mental health, and find strategies to stay healthy or return to good health.

As well, this tool can help you better understand what others may be experiencing.

Examples of signs and symptoms to pay attention to				
HEALTHY	REACTING	INJURED	ILL	
 Normal mood fluctuations 	Irritable or impatient	Angry	Angry outbursts	
🔎 Calm	Nervousness	🛎 Anxious	Excessively anxious	
Takes things in stride	Sad or overwhelmed	 Feeling of hopelessness 	Depressed	
Good sense of humour	🔎 Sarcasm	Negative attitude	🔎 Overt pessimism	
 Consistent performance 	Procrastination	 Decreased performance 	 Unable to perform duties 	
🔎 In control mentally	Forgetfulness	Poor concentration	🔎 Cannot concentrate	
 Normal sleep patterns 	Trouble sleeping	 Disrupted sleep 	🔎 Insomnia	
Physically well	 Muscle tension or headaches 	 Increased aches and pains 	Physical ailments	
🔎 Good energy level	🔎 Low energy	Increased fatigue	ዾ Constant fatigue	
Socially active	Decreased social activity	Social avoidance	Isolation	
 No or controlled alcohol use or gambling 	 Increased use of alcohol or gambling 	 Hard to control alcohol use or gambling 	 Alcohol, gambling or other addictions 	



COPING STRATEGIES

Mental health means striking a balance in all aspects of your life. At times, you may tip the balance too much in one direction and have to find your footing again. Your personal balance will be unique, and your challenge will be to stay mentally healthy by keeping that balance. It is possible to take action at any time to return to a more functional state of health. The sooner you act, the better!

What you can do for yourself				
HEALTHY	REACTING	INJURED	ILL	
 Maintain healthy lifestyle 	Recognize your limits	Seek help	Consult a health professional, as needed	
Focus on task at hand	Take breaks	📍 Join a support group	Make self-care a priority	
Break tasks down to small steps	Apply healthy coping strategies	Talk to someone	Focus on regaining health	
 Nurture a support system 	Identify and minimize stressors	 Recognize own signs of distress 	 Follow health professionals recommendations 	
Plan for rest and fun	 Keep lines of communication open 	 Maintain social contact instead of withdrawing 		
Set your limits	 Ask for help when you need it 	 Accept offers of help from friends 		

Source: National Defence and the Canadian Armed Forces (adapted to ESDC's context by the HRSB).

Work is important to our well-being. In addition to the income it brings, it can be a big part of our identity, how we understand our skills, and a way to contribute to something bigger.

When you have issues that may affect your work (e.g. attendance, performance or interpersonal relations in the workplace), it is wise to talk to your supervisor so they know what is happening and can provide support.

Don't be afraid to ask for help...

Remember to take advantage of your employee services and benefits. Finding help early will get you on the road to recovery faster and may even reduce the risk of problems in the future.

Employee Assistance Program

Toll free: 1-800-268-7708 7 1-800-567-5803

Office of Informal Conflict Management

819-654-5727 Toll free: 1-866-382-7502 NC-0ICM-BGIC-GD@hrsdc-rhdcc.gc.ca

To learn more...

Visit the iService site on mental health: <u>http://iservice.prv.mentalhealth</u> to access our online resources: Mental Health Passport, different learning options, etc.